LAW OFFICE OF ANDREW F. KIM, ESQ. P.C. Andrew F. Kim, Esq. (SBN 156533)
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Rebecca J. Riley, Esq. (SBN 139085)
RRiley@afklaw.com Superior Court Of California 2 County Of Los Angeles NOV 08 2016 3 9018 Balboa Boulevard, # 552 Northridge, Ca 91325 Telephone: 818-216-5288 4 Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk 6000 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff 6 DOE 90027 7 8 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA 9 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES – CENTRAL DISTRICT 10 CASE NO. BC 6 4 0 0 1 2 11 DOE. 12 an individual, Plaintiffs, 13 ACTION BASED ON CIVIL CODE SECTION 1708.85 14 VS. ELIZABETH RUIZ, an individual, 15 and DOES 1-10 inclusive, 16 Defendants. 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 LAW OFFICE NDREW F. KIM ESQ. P.C. Complaint for Violation of California Civil Code §1708.5

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Plaintiff Doe ("Plaintiff) for his Complaint against defendant Elizabeth Ruiz ("Ruiz" or "Defendant") and Does 1-10 (collectively, "Defendants"), alleges as follows:

# SUMMARY OF ACTION

- 1. Plaintiff has worked hard his entire life to hone his skills and become one of the most talented people at his craft in the United States and the world. Plaintiff has received the highest honors, awards and accolades available in his profession and is widely recognized as the world's best at his job. Plaintiff earns his living not only from his ability to outperform others with his skills but also with the incumbent fame that comes with his unparalleled talent in a high profile profession. His ability to benefit from this fame depends on the appeal of his persona to many different people from virtually all walks of life, including families and children. He cannot count on this appeal if Ruiz exposes images of him in the most intimate of physical acts between a man and a woman, done in private and intended to remain private.
- 2. Ruiz has not achieved a similar level of success in her chosen career path, but she desperately craves fame and fortune. She is willing to betray Plaintiff's trust and to shame and humiliate him to achieve her craven aims. Ruiz herself has stated that she wants "to be the next Kim Kardashian" and hopes to be catapulted to fame and fortune with a sex tape at Plaintiff's expense and without his permission.
- 3. This action arises from Ruiz's threat to release, exploit, sell, display, publicize, and/or otherwise distribute a cellular phone recording in Ruiz's possession purportedly depicting Ruiz and Plaintiff engaged in consensual sexual intercourse ("recording") unless Plaintiff gives Ruiz \$2,500,000. Ruiz contacted a TMZ entity to try to "sell" the recording and then contacted a widely-known "sex tape broker" to assist her in "selling" the recording. Ruiz also retained attorney Corey Boddie to negotiate on her behalf to extort money from Plaintiff in exchange

LAW OFFICE NDREW F. KIM, for Ruiz turning over the recording to Plaintiff and not releasing it, apparently being willing to settle for fortune if she could not also achieve fame. Ruiz's illegal actions threaten to harm Plaintiff's reputation and his employment, as set forth more fully below. As also set forth below, Plaintiff seeks monetary damages and, most importantly, preliminary and permanent injunctive relief preventing Ruiz from releasing, distributing, displaying or otherwise attempting to exploit the recording.

#### THE PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff proceeds under the pseudonym "Doe" pursuant to California Civil Code section 1708.85(f)(1).
- 5. Defendant Ruiz is an individual and at all relevant times has been a resident of the County of Los Angeles, State of California.
- 6. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that the fictitiously named defendants sued herein as Does 1 through 10, inclusive, and each of them (the "Doe Defendants"), were in some manner responsible or legally liable for the actions, events, transactions and circumstances alleged herein. The true names and capacities of the Doe Defendants, whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise, are presently unknown to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff will seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint to assert the true names and capacities of the Doe Defendants when Plaintiff has ascertained them. Ruiz and the Doe Defendants are collectively, the "Defendants."
- 7. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendants, and each of them, were the agents, employees, partners, joint-venturers, co-conspirators, owners, principals, and employers of the remaining defendants, and each of them, and are, and at all times herein mentioned were, acting within the course and scope of that agency, partnership, employment, conspiracy, ownership, or joint venture. Plaintiff is further informed and believes and based thereon alleges that the acts and conduct herein alleged of each such defendant was known to, authorized by, and/or ratified by the other defendants, and

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each of them.

# **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 8. This Court has jurisdiction over all causes of action asserted herein because all such causes of action arise out of conduct undertaken by defendants in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. Each of Defendants has sufficient minimum contacts with the State of California, is a citizen of the State of California, or otherwise intentionally availed herself, himself or itself of the benefits of the State of California so as to render the exercise of jurisdiction by this Court consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.
- 9. Venue is proper in this Court under California Code of Civil Procedure section 393 because the cause of action, or some part thereof, arose in the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

# **FACTUAL BACKGROUND**

- 10. In June of 2016, Plaintiff and Ruiz met in Cancun, Mexico. While there, Plaintiff and Ruiz engaged in consensual sexual intercourse while they were alone indoors. Ruiz recorded the sexual intercourse on Ruiz's cellular phone, and Plaintiff insisted at all times that the recording be kept private. Ruiz agreed that she would keep the recording private.
- 11. Shortly thereafter, Plaintiff returned to the United States, and Plaintiff spoke with Ruiz on the telephone to ask her if she still had the recording. Ruiz responded that she did. Plaintiff reminded Ruiz that he did not want anyone to see the recording and asked Ruiz to erase the recording. Ruiz refused to provide the recording to Plaintiff and responded, "Gotcha," to Plaintiff's request that Ruiz destroy the recording. Ruiz did not destroy the recording.
- 12. On September 16, 2016, Kevin Blatt ("Blatt"), a "sex tape broker," left a telephone message for one of Plaintiff's (non-attorney) representatives ("Plaintiff's representative") saying that he wanted to discuss a "sensitive matter" pertaining to a "client" of Plaintiff's representative (Blatt did not mention Plaintiff

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by name at this time) and asking for a return telephone call.

- 13. On September 17, 2016, Andrew Kim ("Kim"), an attorney for Plaintiff and for Plaintiff's representative, telephoned Blatt in response to that message. Blatt told Kim on the telephone that:
  - (a) Blatt is a "sex tape broker" who is widely known;
  - (b) A Google search of Blatt will show that he is "the guy" in the sex tape broker business;
  - (c) Ruiz had contacted Blatt to seek Blatt's assistance in selling the recording;
  - (d) Ruiz wants to sell the recording and to become the next "Kim Kardashian" (Kim Kardashian became famous, in part, based on the release of a sex tape);
  - (e) Ruiz had already approached a TMZ entity, but that entity was not interested in paying for the recording;
  - (f) Ruiz wants to find a buyer for the recording, notwithstanding TMZ's lack of interest;
  - (g) Blatt and Ruiz had decided to approach Plaintiff directly to try to sell the recording;
  - (h) Ruiz had only one copy of the recording on her cellular phone and had shown the recording to Blatt and Ruiz's mother;
    - (i) Ruiz's mother had advised Ruiz to engage counsel;
    - (j) Ruiz wanted to "do a deal" immediately;
  - (k) Blatt did not know whether he could "control" Ruiz and stop her from releasing the recording or portions of it; and
  - (l) Blatt asked that Plaintiff make a proposal to purchase the recording as that would be the "only way" Plaintiff could stop the release of the recording.
  - 14. On or about September 22, 2016, Plaintiff's representative received a

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letter from attorney Corey Boddie ("Boddie"). The letter stated *in toto*, "[w]e are representing an individual who owns property involving [Plaintiff]. Upon my client's request, please notify our offices within five (5) days of receipt of this letter. My direct line is 917-292-4852."

- 15. On September 26, 2016, Plaintiff's representative and Kim had a conference call with Boddie. Boddie said that he wanted to meet in person to show them intellectual property involving Plaintiff. Boddie refused to tell Kim or Plaintiff's representative on the telephone exactly what the property was, who his client was, or what his client wanted from Plaintiff. Although Boddie would be out of town and unavailable to meet starting on September 28 through October 2, Boddie repeatedly stressed the urgency of meeting in person before he left town and even tried to arrange an after-hours meeting that very night. Ultimately, Plaintiff's representative, Kim and Boddie set a meeting for October 3, 2016.
- 16. On October 3, 2016, Matthew Johnson ("Johnson") (another attorney representing Plaintiff's non-attorney representative and Kim met in person with Boddie. Plaintiff's non-attorney representative attended the meeting via Skype. At the meeting, Boddie showed portions of the recording and claimed Ruiz owned the intellectual property rights in it. Boddie identified his client as Ruiz in response to Johnson's questions and confirmed that the recording depicted Ruiz. Boddie said that Ruiz wanted Plaintiff to purchase the intellectual property rights to the recording from her. Otherwise, Boddie stated, Ruiz would reserve her right to exploit the recording. In response to Johnson's questions, Boddie said that Ruiz had shown the recording only to her mother, a "sex tape broker" Ruiz had previously contacted, and to Boddie. Boddie stated that Ruiz had told him she was no longer working with the broker. Boddie stated that he had a single copy of the recording on a thumb drive which was the thumb drive he showed to Johnson, Kim and Plaintiff's representative during the meeting. Boddie said that he had placed Ruiz's cellular phone in his office safe. Boddie stated that he believed there were

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no other copies of the recording. Kim asked Boddie whether Ruiz had ever had or still has copies of the recording on any cloud storage service. Boddie stated that Ruiz had formerly had a copy "in the cloud" but that Ruiz destroyed it.

- 17. At the October 3, 2016 meeting, Johnson asked Boddie "what does your client want?" Boddie responded that Ruiz wanted Plaintiff to make a monetary offer to purchase the recording and thereby keep the recording confidential. Boddie stated that Ruiz wanted to get this deal done quickly and that Boddie was not certain he could control Ruiz. Boddie made this threat, and in every communication from Boddie, he tried to impose time pressure to get a "deal done." Johnson, Kim and Plaintiff's non-attorney representative told Boddie that they would have to discuss the matter and meet with Plaintiff and would communicate with Boddie after that occurred. Kim asked Boddie to agree on his own behalf and on behalf of Ruiz not to disclose or discuss or display any information pertaining to the recording to or with anyone while the parties discussed how to resolve this matter. Boddie agreed.
- 18. Kim sent an email to Boddie on October 4, 2016 in which Kim told Boddie that Johnson and Plaintiff's non-attorney representative would be meeting with Plaintiff on Sunday, October 9, 2016. Kim asked Boddie to confirm that Boddie and Ruiz had agreed "that no one, including without limitation you and/or your client, will disclose or discuss or display any information pertaining to this matter to or with anyone while we are discussing how to resolve this matter." That same day, Boddie confirmed by email his and Ruiz's agreement on that point.
- 19. On or about October 12, 2016, Boddie sent a letter to Kim stating Boddie would be terminated as Ruiz's counsel on October 14, 2016 at 5 p.m. because he had not heard from Kim since October 4, 2016.

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- 20. On October 13, 2016, Martin D. Singer ("Singer"), another of Plaintiff's attorneys, sent Boddie a letter stating, among other things, that Plaintiff intended the recording to be private and not shared with any third party, and the recording had minimal pecuniary value because exploiting it without Plaintiff's permission was against the law. Singer informed Boddie that Ruiz's release, exploitation, sale, display, publicizing, and/or otherwise distributing the recording would expose her to significant liability as she did not have a right to do so without Plaintiff's permission and consent.
- 21. On October 14, 2016, Singer spoke with Boddie on the telephone. Singer again told Boddie the recording has minimal pecuniary value because Ruiz is prohibited by law from releasing the recording without Plaintiff's permission and consent. Singer again told Boddie that Plaintiff does not consent and has never consented to the display of the recording for anyone. Singer reminded Boddie that releasing the recording would violate numerous laws as stated in the prior letter to him. Boddie told Singer that Ruiz "is itchy," she "could care less" about the law, and she wants \$2,500,000 to transfer ownership of the recording to Plaintiff. Otherwise, Ruiz will release the recording. Boddie tried to impose time pressure on Singer by stating that Ruiz had told Boddie she intended to fire him if Boddie did not complete a transaction within a few days. Singer told Boddie that Ruiz's demand was extortion. Boddie said his client was unpredictable and may do anything with the recording if she does not get \$2,500,000. Boddie told Singer that Boddie was aware of two existing copies of the recording, one on Ruiz's cellular phone and a copy Boddie had made on an external thumb drive.
- 22. On or about October 20, 2016, Boddie sent a letter to Singer stating that Ruiz had "disengaged" Boddie. Ruiz has not yet informed Plaintiff's representatives of whether she has engaged replacement counsel.
- 23. On October 30, 2016, Kim's office sent a letter to Ruiz reaffirming that Plaintiff does not consent to release of the recording and demanding that Ruiz

respond and acknowledge she will not release, exploit or display the recording. Ruiz has not responded. The letter informed Ruiz that her release of the recording would violate California Penal Code Section 647(j)(4), which provides for punishment of up to six (6) months in county jail and fines of up to \$1,000, California Civil Code §3344 and Plaintiff's common law right of privacy. In addition, the letter specifically warned Ruiz that a release of the recording would violate California Civil Code 1708.85.

#### FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

[For Preliminary and Permanent Injunction And Damages Pursuant to Civil Code §1708.85(d) Against Defendants]

- 24. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 23, inclusive, above, as if fully set forth herein.
- 25. In June of 2016, Plaintiff and Ruiz engaged in consensual sexual intercourse while they were alone and indoors. Ruiz recorded the sexual intercourse on Ruiz's cellular phone, and Plaintiff insisted then and at all times that the recording be kept private. Ruiz agreed that she would keep the recording private. Shortly after the recording was made, Plaintiff reaffirmed his request that the recording remain private when he spoke on the phone with Ruiz and told her that he did not want the recording viewed by anyone and that he wanted Ruiz to erase the recording.
- 26. Ruiz did not erase the recording. In an effort to shame and humiliate Plaintiff and to catapult herself to fame and fortune through exploiting the recording and violating Plaintiff's rights of privacy, among others,, Ruiz engaged a "sex tape broker," retained an attorney to "negotiate" for payment of the recording, and has approached at least one media outlet to try to sell the recording. Ruiz has pressured her attorney to reach a deal quickly to extort money from Plaintiff and her attorney has, in turn, pressured Plaintiff and his representatives by demanding \$2,500,000 from Plaintiff in exchange for Ruiz's promise not to release, exploit,

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sell, display, publicize and/or distribute the recording. Ruiz refuses to acknowledge the law and refuses to agree not to release, exploit, sell, display, publicize, and/or distribute the recording. In fact, Ruiz continues to threaten to release, exploit, sell, display, publicize, and/or distribute the recording unless Plaintiff pays her millions of dollars. Ruiz's "sex tape broker" and her former attorney warn that Ruiz is unpredictable and believes that she will become rich and famous by releasing the recording.

- 27. Plaintiff does not consent to release, exploit, sell, display, publicize, and/or otherwise distribute this recording. At all times, Plaintiff understood, based on his expressed desire that the recording remain private and Ruiz's agreement that it would remain private, that Ruiz would never show the recording to anyone. According to Ruiz's "sex tape broker" and former attorney, Ruiz has displayed and the recording to, at least, her mother, Blatt, and Boddie. Ruiz has shown that she has no intention of keeping the recording private. Plaintiff does not want anyone else to view the recording and, therefore, wants the recording and any and all copies destroyed.
- 28. Unless this Court orders Ruiz to refrain from duplicating the recording and to cease immediately and for all time her attempts to release, exploit, sell, display, publicize, duplicate and/or distribute this recording, Plaintiff will suffer irreparable harm to his reputation and standing in the community as well as shame, humiliation and financial damages of enormous proportions (e.g., lost current and future endorsements, termination or penalizing of Plaintiff under his current employment contracts).
  - 29. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law for the injuries threatened.
- 30. Defendants' wrongful acts were wanton, malicious and were undertaken by Defendants with willful and conscious disregard for Plaintiff's rights. As a result, the imposition of exemplary or punitive damages against Defendants is warranted.

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#### **PRAYER**

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against the Defendants, and each of them, as follows, on his Action Based On California Civil Code Section 1708.85:

- 1. For issuance of a temporary restraining order and a preliminary injunction enjoining and restraining Defendants and each of them, and any and all persons acting in concert with any of them, on their behalf or pursuant to their instructions, demands or requests, including without limitation Ruiz, Blatt and Boddie, during the pendency of this action, from:
  - duplicating, releasing, exploiting, selling, displaying,
     publicizing, and/or distributing the recording and/or attempting
     to engage in any of the foregoing acts;
  - b. allowing anyone to view the recording and/or attempting to engage in the foregoing acts; and
  - providing, giving, selling or otherwise placing in anyone's
    possession, custody or control the recording, or any copies
    thereof, and/or attempting to engage in any of the foregoing
    acts;
- 2. For issuance of a temporary restraining order and a preliminary injunction ordering Defendants and each of them, and any and all persons acting in concert with any of them, on their behalf or pursuant to their instructions, demands or requests, including without limitation Ruiz, Blatt and Boddie, to deposit with the Court any and all copies, in whatever form and/or media (including Electronically Stored Information ("ESI")), of the recording for the Court's safekeeping during the pendency of this action;
- 3. For issuance of a permanent injunction enjoining and restraining for all

ANDREW F. KIM,

10. For such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

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Attorneys for Plaintiff DOE

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ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, Statement	number, and address):	FOR COURT USE ONLY		
Andrew F. Kim, Esq. (SBN 16533); Resect 9018 Balboa Boulevard, #552, Northridge,				
TELEPHONE NO.: 818 216 5288 ATTORNEY FOR (Name):	Superior Court Of California County Of Los Angeles			
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF L	OS ANGELES			
STREET ADDRESS: 111 North Hill Street		NOV 08 2016		
MAILING ADDRESS: 111 North Hill Street		1101 00 2010		
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Los Angeles, CA 900	012	Shorri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk		
BRANCH NAME: Stanley Mosk Courth	ouse Central District	1 49 ('AAZ' 47 (11).		
CASE NAME:		Charlie L. Coleman Deputy		
DOE, an individual v. Elizabeth Rui	z, an individual, and Does 1-10 in	ncl.		
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	CASE <b>BC</b> B6: 4 0 0 1 2		
Unlimited Limited		DO - 1 - 0 1 %		
(Amount (Amount	Counter Joinder	. JUDGE:		
demanded demanded is	Filed with first appearance by defen	dant		
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)			
	low must be completed (see instructions	on page 2).		
1. Check one box below for the case type that		Description of the Council of the Co		
Auto Tort	Contract  Breach of contract/warranty (06)	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400–3.403)		
Auto (22)	Breach of contract/warranty (06)			
Uninsured motorist (46)	Rule 3.740 collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)		
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Other collections (09)	Construction defect (10)		
Asbestos (04)	Insurance coverage (18)	Mass tort (40)		
Product liability (24)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)		
Medical malpractice (45)	Real Property Eminent domain/Inverse	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)		
Other PI/PD/WD (23)	condemnation (14)	Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case		
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	types (41)		
Business tort/unfair business practice (07	Other real property (26)	Enforcement of Judgment		
Civil rights (08)	Unlawful Detainer	Enforcement of judgment (20)		
Defamation (13)	Commercial (31)	Miscellaneous Civil Complaint		
Fraud (16)	Residential (32)	RICO (27)		
Intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)		
Professional negligence (25)	Judicial Review	Miscellaneous Civil Petition		
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Asset forfeiture (05)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)		
Employment	Petition re: arbitration award (11)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)		
Wrongful termination (36)	Writ of mandate (02)	care person (not specimes users) (not		
Other employment (15)	Other judicial review (39)			
2. This case is is is not comfactors requiring exceptional judicial mana		ules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the		
a. Large number of separately repre		er of witnesses		
b. Extensive motion practice raising		with related actions pending in one or more courts		
issues that will be time-consuming to resolve in other counties, states, or countries, or in a federal court				
c Substantial amount of documenta	ary evidence f. L Substantial p	postjudgment judiciał supervision		
3. Remedies sought (check all that apply): a	. monetary b. nonmonetary:	declaratory or injunctive relief c. v punitive		
4. Number of causes of action (specify): Or	•			
	ss action suit.			
6. It there are any known related cases, file a		may use form CM-015,		
Date: November 7, 2016		1/1 // //-		
Andrew F. Kim				
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)		
Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the	NOTICE first paper filed in the action or proceeding	ng (eveent small claims soons or seems filed		
Winder the Probate Code, Family Code, or	Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Ru	les of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result		
in sanctions.				
<ul> <li>File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.</li> <li>If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all</li> </ul>				
	seq. of the California Rules of Court, you	u must serve a copy of this cover sheet on <b>all</b>		
other parties to the action or proceeding.  • Unless this is a collections case under rule 3.740 or a complex case, this cover sheet will be used for statistical numbers cally				

# CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION (CERTIFICATE OF GROUNDS FOR ASSIGNMENT TO COURTHOUSE LOCATION)

This form is required pursuant to Local Rule 2.3 in all new civil case filings in the Los Angeles Superior Court.

- **Step 1:** After completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet (Judicial Council form CM-010), find the exact case type in Column A that corresponds to the case type indicated in the Civil Case Cover Sheet.
- **Step 2:** In Column B, check the box for the type of action that best describes the nature of the case.
- **Step 3:** In Column C, circle the number which explains the reason for the court filing location you have chosen.

#### Applicable Reasons for Choosing Court Filing Location (Column C)

- 1. Class actions must be filed in the Stanley Mosk Courthouse, Central District.
- 2. Permissive filing in central district.
- 3. Location where cause of action arose.
- 4. Mandatory personal injury filing in North District.
- 5. Location where performance required or defendant resides.
- 6. Location of property or permanently garaged vehicle.

- 7. Location where petitioner resides.
- 8. Location wherein defendant/respondent functions wholly.
- 9. Location where one or more of the parties reside.
- 10. Location of Labor Commissioner Office.
- 11. Mandatory filing location (Hub Cases unlawful detainer, limited non-collection, limited collection, or personal injury).

A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above	
Auto (22)	☐ A7100 Motor Vehicle - Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death	1, 4, 11	
Uninsured Motorist (46)	☐ A7110 Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death – Uninsured Motorist	1, 4, 11	
Asbestos (04)	□ A6070 Asbestos Property Damage □ A7221 Asbestos - Personal Injury/Wrongful Death	1, 11 1, 11	
Product Liability (24)	☐ A7260 Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental)	1, 4, 11	
Medical Malpractice (45)	□ A7210 Medical Malpractice - Physicians & Surgeons □ A7240 Other Professional Health Care Malpractice	1, 4, 11 1, 4, 11	
Other Personal Injury Property Damage Wrongful Death (23)	<ul> <li>□ A7250 Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall)</li> <li>□ A7230 Intentional Bodily Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., assault, vandalism, etc.)</li> <li>□ A7270 Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress</li> <li>□ A7220 Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death</li> </ul>	1, 4, 11 1, 4, 11 1, 4, 11 1, 4, 11	

ୀ ଓ ି Othe Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort

Auto

DOE v. RUIZ

CASE NUMBER

Non-Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort

**Employment** 

Contract

Real Property

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A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	<b>B</b> Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
Business Tort (07)	☐ A6029 Other Commercial/Business Tort (not fraud/breach of contract)	1, 2, 3
Civil Rights (08)	□ A6005 Civil Rights/Discrimination	1, 2, 3
Defamation (13)	☐ A6010 Defamation (slander/libel)	1, 2, 3
Fraud (16)	☐ A6013 Fraud (no contract)	1, 2, 3
Professional Negligence (25)	☐ A6017 Legal Malpractice	1, 2, 3
1 Tolessional Negligence (25)	☐ A6050 Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)	1, 2, 3
Other (35)	☐ A6025 Other Non-Personal Injury/Property Damage tort	1, 2, 3
Wrongful Termination (36)	☐ A6037 Wrongful Termination	1, 2, 3
Other Employment (15)	☐ A6024 Other Employment Complaint Case	1, 2, 3
Other Employment (15)	☐ A6109 Labor Commissioner Appeals	10
	☐ A6004 Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction)	2, 5
Breach of Contract/ Warranty (06)	☐ A6008 Contract/Warranty Breach -Seller Plaintiff (no fraud/negligence)	2, 5
(not insurance)	☐ A6019 Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty (no fraud)	1, 2, 5
	☐ A6028 Other Breach of Contract/Warranty (not fraud or negligence)	1, 2, 5
Collections (09)	□ A6002 Collections Case-Seller Plaintiff	5, 6, 11
Oblications (65)	☐ A6012 Other Promissory Note/Collections Case	5, 11
	A6034 Collections Case-Purchased Debt (Charged Off Consumer Debt     Purchased on or after January 1, 2014)	5, 6, 11
Insurance Coverage (18)	☐ A6015 Insurance Coverage (not complex)	1, 2, 5, 8
	☐ A6009 Contractual Fraud	1, 2, 3, 5
Other Contract (37)	☐ A6031 Tortious Interference	1, 2, 3, 5
	A6027 Other Contract Dispute(not breach/insurance/fraud/negligence)	1, 2, 3, 8, 9
Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14)	□ A7300 Eminent Domain/Condemnation Number of parcels	2, 6
Wrongful Eviction (33)	☐ A6023 Wrongful Eviction Case	2, 6
	□ A6018 Mortgage Foreclosure	2, 6
Other Real Property (26)	□ A6032 Quiet Title	2, 6
	☐ A6060 Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, foreclosure)	2, 6
Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (31)	☐ A6021 Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	6, 11
Unlawful Detainer-Residential (32)	☐ A6020 Unlawful Detainer-Residential (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	6, 11
Unlawful Detainer- Post-Foreclosure (34)	□ A6020F Unlawful Detainer-Post-Foreclosure	2, 6, 11
Unlawful Detainer-Drugs (38)	□ A6022 Unlawful Detainer-Drugs	2, 6, 11

SHORT TITLE: DOE V. RUIZ

CASE NUMBER

	A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	<b>B</b> Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
	Asset Forfeiture (05)	□ A6108 Asset Forfeiture Case	2, 3, 6
ew	Petition re Arbitration (11)	□ A6115 Petition to Compel/Confirm/Vacate Arbitration	2, 5
Judicial Review	Writ of Mandate (02)	<ul> <li>□ A6151 Writ - Administrative Mandamus</li> <li>□ A6152 Writ - Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter</li> <li>□ A6153 Writ - Other Limited Court Case Review</li> </ul>	2, 8
i	Other Judicial Review (39)	□ A6150 Other Writ /Judicial Review	2, 8
<b>E</b>	Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)	☐ A6003 Antitrust/Trade Regulation	1, 2, 8
itigati	Construction Defect (10)	☐ A6007 Construction Defect	1, 2, 3
plex L	Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)	□ A6006 Claims Involving Mass Tort	1, 2, 8
ly Com	Securities Litigation (28)	□ A6035 Securities Litigation Case	1, 2, 8
Provisionally Complex Litigation	Toxic Tort Environmental (30)	□ A6036 Toxic Tort/Environmental	1, 2, 3, 8
Provi	Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)	☐ A6014 Insurance Coverage/Subrogation (complex case only)	1, 2, 5, 8
Enforcement of Judgment	Enforcement of Judgment (20)	<ul> <li>□ A6141 Sister State Judgment</li> <li>□ A6160 Abstract of Judgment</li> <li>□ A6107 Confession of Judgment (non-domestic relations)</li> <li>□ A6140 Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes)</li> <li>□ A6114 Petition/Certificate for Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Tax</li> <li>□ A6112 Other Enforcement of Judgment Case</li> </ul>	2, 5, 11 2, 6 2, 9 2, 8 2, 8 2, 8, 9
so	RICO (27)	☐ A6033 Racketeering (RICO) Case	1, 2, 8
Miscellaneous Civil Complaints	Other Complaints (Not Specified Above) (42)	<ul> <li>□ A6030 Declaratory Relief Only</li> <li>□ A6040 Injunctive Relief Only (not domestic/harassment)</li> <li>□ A6011 Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)</li> <li>□ A6000 Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex)</li> </ul>	1, 2, 8 2, 8 1, 2, 8 1, 2, 8
	Partnership Corporation Governance (21)	□ A6113 Partnership and Corporate Governance Case	2, 8
了 のです Mistoellangous Civil Petitions	Other Petitions (Not Specified Above) (43)	□ A6121 Civil Harassment □ A6123 Workplace Harassment □ A6124 Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse Case □ A6190 Election Contest □ A6110 Petition for Change of Name/Change of Gender □ A6170 Petition for Relief from Late Claim Law □ A6100 Other Civil Petition	2, 3, 9 2, 3, 9 2, 3, 9 2 2, 7 2, 3, 8
(I)			2, 9

SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER
DOE v. RUIZ	
1 .	

**Step 4: Statement of Reason and Address**: Check the appropriate boxes for the numbers shown under Column C for the type of action that you have selected. Enter the address which is the basis for the filing location, including zip code. (No address required for class action cases).

REASON:			ADDRESS: 1616 N. Serrano Avenue, Apt. 107	
□ 1. □ 2. ☑ 3. □ 4. □ 5.	□ 6. □ 7. □ 8. Ø 9.	□ <b>10</b> . □ <b>11</b> .	10 10 N. Gerrano Avenue, Apr. 107	
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP CODE:		
Los Angeles	CA	90027		
•	_	•	case is properly filed in the Central District on ngeles [Code Civ. Proc., §392 et seq., and Local Rule 2.3(a) 1)(E)].	
Dated: November 7, 20				

# PLEASE HAVE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS COMPLETED AND READY TO BE FILED IN ORDER TO PROPERLY COMMENCE YOUR NEW COURT CASE:

- 1. Original Complaint or Petition.
- 2. If filing a Complaint, a completed Summons form for issuance by the Clerk.
- 3. Civil Case Cover Sheet, Judicial Council form CM-010.
- 4. Civil Case Cover Sheet Addendum and Statement of Location form, LACIV 109, LASC Approved 03-04 (Rev. 02/16).
- 5. Payment in full of the filing fee, unless there is court order for waiver, partial or scheduled payments.
- A signed order appointing the Guardian ad Litem, Judicial Council form CIV-010, if the plaintiff or petitioner is a minor under 18 years of age will be required by Court in order to issue a summons.
- 7. Additional copies of documents to be conformed by the Clerk. Copies of the cover sheet and this addendum must be served along with the summons and complaint, or other initiating pleading in the case.